Select Name for Designation:				
	1885-1901	Pastorius House		
	1901-1942	King's Hotel (1901 was the year Queen Victoria died and Edward VII became king)		
	1942-1978	Kingsville Hotel		
	1978-2010	The Fogcutter		
	2010-2016	Kings Hotel Inn and Suites		
	2016-present	The Grove Hotel		
Select which historical information should be expanded and included in Designation Report:				
	1850s	This site was home to the Commercial Hotel, which began as a temperance house, that did not serve liquor, unlike the Exchange Hotel on Main Street West. Next door to the Commercial Hotel was the original Methodist Church (now Wineology)		
	1854-1876	Owned by Col. King. When Col. King divided his properties in 1876, the Commercial Hotel was given to his son Arthur who sold it a few months later because his wife did not approved of owning a hotel that served alcohol.		
	1885	Commercial Hotel, "an old land mark of the village" destroyed by fire The Pastorius House, 2-story hotel, built by Walter Pastorius five months after the fire Third storey added in 1889		
	1885	Mechanics' Lien against property (features list of building supplies)		
	1882-1901 & 1907-1914	Property owned by members of the Pastorius family <i>Biography of Pastorius family?</i>		
	1910-1942	Prohibition: Kingsville prohibited the retail sale of liquor, as determined by municipal vote in 1909 (257 for and 140 against)		
	1910	"On Saturday evening last at seven o'clock the bars in the hotels here closed, and liquor selling in Kingsville ceased – let us hope, forever Monday morning according to promise, Mr. Brundage [proprietor] proceeded to board up the Kings hotel"		
	1914	"The Chief of police recently seized a couple of slot machines, which had been operating for some time at the Kings Hotel here."		
	1917	"Alfred Hall, proprietor of King's Hotel, Kingsville, and Wasif Dewich (sic) of the same town, were charged with selling beer that contained more than the regulation $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of alcohol. The court found them guilty, but withheld judgment on payment of court costs."		

1920	King's Hotel was mortgaged to the I.O.O.F. (Independent Order of Odd Fellows) A Certificate of Foreclosure was issued in 1933 The Odd Fellows sold the property in 1942 Biography of I.O.O.F.?
1942	After prohibition was repealed via municipal vote, new owners were quoted in The Kingsville Reporter: "We will start immediately on our plans for the new Hotel Kingsville, and will rush the work as fast as possible." "We are going to give Kingsville the type of commercial hotel the citizens of Kingsville want. And we are certainly going to do our best to sell Kingsville as a summer town to our many friends in London."
1965	LCBO Lifts Bar Licence Toronto – A four-week suspension of liquor sales was ordered at the Kingsville Hotel by the Liquor Licence Board of Ontario. The board announcement said the action was taken because liquor was served at the hotel without food.
1972	"At the Kingsville Hotel topless dancers are almost an economic necessity, owner-manager Jack Churchmuch says. 'We've had topless for two years and it helps us. We've tried to go without them but people kept asking for dancers. We're gong with the public. If they decide they don't want it, we won't have it."
1978	"It's well worth navigating the loose sand and puddles of Kingsville's currently torn up Main Street to find the snug harbor of the Fogcutter in the Kingsville Hotel. The dining room is an ambitious project, and it seems to be succeeding. It's informal and friendly, in keeping with an old-established town hotel."
2010	"The Fogcutter's Transformation: Kingsville landmark to look like it did in the early 1900s"
2016	"Kingsville's Grove Hotel: Transforming Main Street"

Please list Heritage Attributes as identified by Committee: